

S L E A F O R D U R B A N D I S T R I C T C O U N C I L

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ANNUAL REPORT

of the

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

and

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

for the

YEAR

1962

SLEAFORD URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

M. Loraine M.B., Ch.N., D.P.H., D.C.H., B.Sc. WESTGATE HOUSE,

ENBLENKINSOF M.B., B.S., D.P.H.,

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.

Telephone: SLEAFORD 666-7.



25, WESTGATE, SLEAFORD,

LINCS.

9th December, 1964.

REFERENCES

ML/WAC

YOURS

The Secretary, Ministry of Health, Alexander Fleming House Elephant and Castle, LONDON, S.E.1.



Dear Sir,

I enclose herewith four copies of the Annual Report of the Medical Officer of Health for the year 1962.

Yours faithfully,

M.a. fording

Medical Officer of Health

SLEAFORD URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE

Councillor F. Gostick

(Chairman of the Council)

Councillor G. Dawson

(Chairman of the Committee)

Councillor N. H. Emmence

Councillor A. H. C. Keal

Councillor L. Kidd

Councillor F. Navesey

Councillor L. T. C. Wilkinson

STAFF OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

Edwin I. Blenkinsop, M.B., B.S., D.P.H.

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR AND HOUSING OFFICER

T. E. Dagwell, F.A.P.H.I., M.R.S.H.

HOUSING OFFICER'S ASSISTANT

A. V. Barraclough

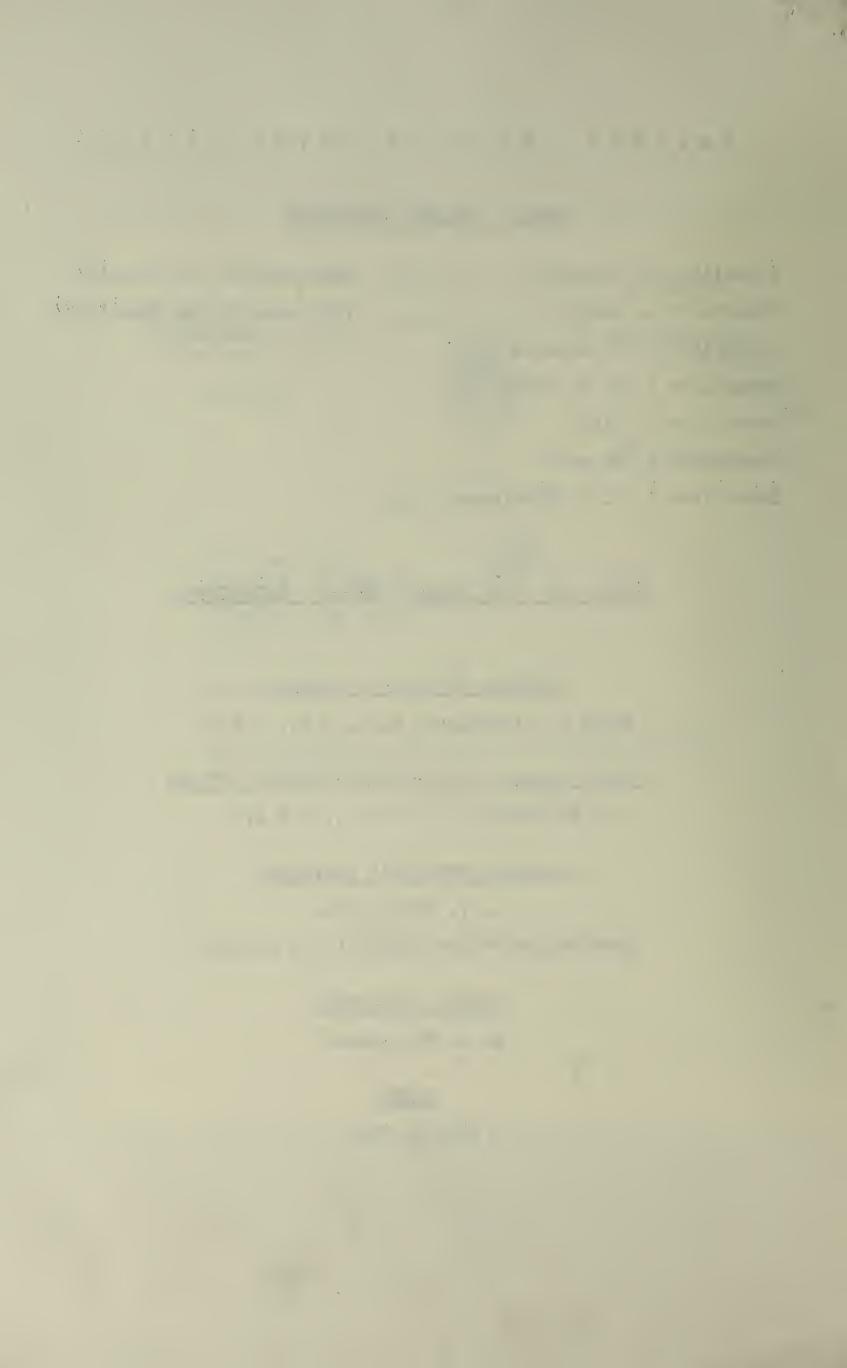
Certificate of the Institute of Housing

GENERAL ASSISTANT

W. B. Williamson

CLERK

Miss W. Carr



To the Chairman and Members of the Sleaford Urban District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Lady and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present the annual report on the Vital Statistics and Sanitary Conditions of the Urban District.

	STATISTICS AND SOC	CIAL CONDIT	TONS	
Area in acres		• • • •	• • •	. 4,549
Population - C	ensus 1961	••		. 7,834
- R	egistrar General's Es	timate 30/6	5/62	. 7,880
Number of new	houses completed duri	ng the year	? •• •	. 19
Number of inha	bited houses accordin	g to the Re	ate Book .	. 2,441
Rateable value	as at 1st October, 1	.962		.£111,614
Sum represente	d by a penny rate	••		. £467
	VITAL STA	TISTICS		
Births		Male	<u>Female</u>	Total
Live Births	Legitimate	69	52	121
	Illegitimate	2	2	4
	Totals	71	54	125
Still Births	Legitimate	1	1	2
	Illegitimate	-	_	

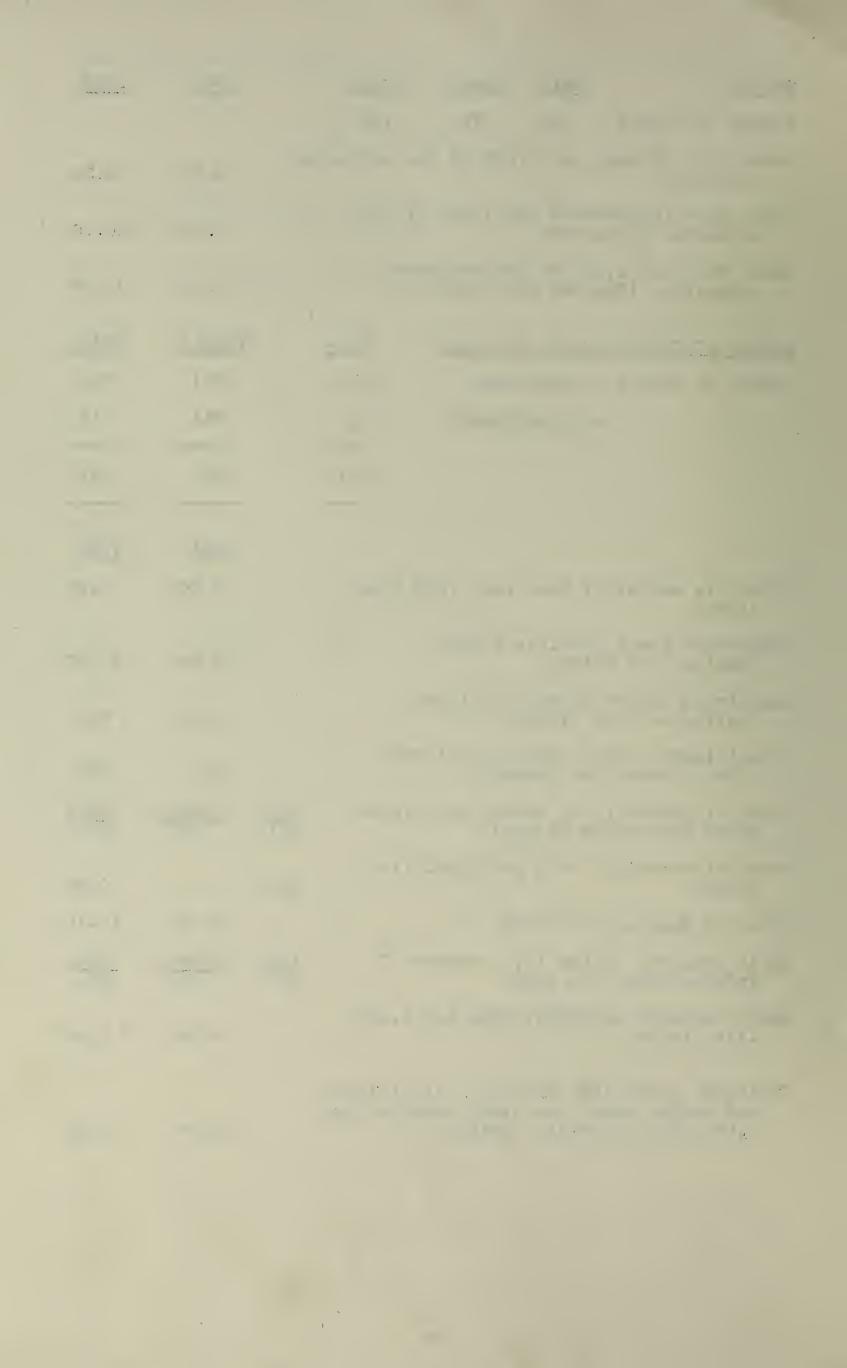
	Totals	1	1	2
Birth Rates			1961	1962
	e (Crude) per 1,000 mated population		16.35	16.28
	e (Corrected) per 1,0 mated population	000	16.68	16.61
	te per 1,000 of the e 'England and Wales)	stimated	17.40	18.00
Illegitimate l live births	ive births per cent o	f total	3.20%	3.20%
Still Birth Ra births	te per 1,000 Live and	Still	7.94	15.75
	te per 1,000 Live and land and Wales)	Still	18.70	18.10
Total live and	still births		126	127

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Deaths Male Female Total	1961	1962
Number of deaths 65 76 141		
Death Rate (Crude) per 1,000 of the estimated population	19.35	18.36
Death Rate (Corrected) per 1,000 of the estimated population	12.58	10.10
Death Rate per 1,000 of the estimated population (England and Wales)	12.00	11.30
Deaths of Infants under One Y :: ar Male	Female	Total
Number of Deaths - Legitimate Nil	Nil	Nil
- Illegitimate Nil	Nil	Nil
Nil —	Nil	Nil
	1961	1962
Infantile mortality rate per 1,000 live births	8.00	0.00
Death Rate per 1,000 live births (England and Wales)	21.64	21.40
Legitimate Infant deaths per 1,000 legitimate live births	8.18	Ni.l
Illegitimate infant deaths per 1,000 illegitimate live births	Nil	Nil
	ale Female il Nil	Total Nil
Neonatal mortality rate per 1,000 live births 8	.00	0.00
Rate for England and Wales	15.50	15.10
	il Female	Total Nil
Early neonatal mortality rate per 1,000 live births	8.00	0.00
Perinatal mortality rate (i.e. stillbirths and deaths under one week) combined per 1,000 live and still births	15.87	15.75

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CAUSES OF DEATH UNDER ONE YEAR OF AGE

		Male	<u>Female</u>
Under one week	(Multiple abnormalities)	Nil	Nil
	ity (i.e. death due to hildbirth or abortion)	Nil	Nil

The birth rate at 16.61 per 1,000 of the population approximates closely to that of England and Wales as a whole at 18.00.

The infantile mortality rate for Sleaford was nil. This excellent figure cannot however be of great statistical significance owing to the relatively small numbers involved.

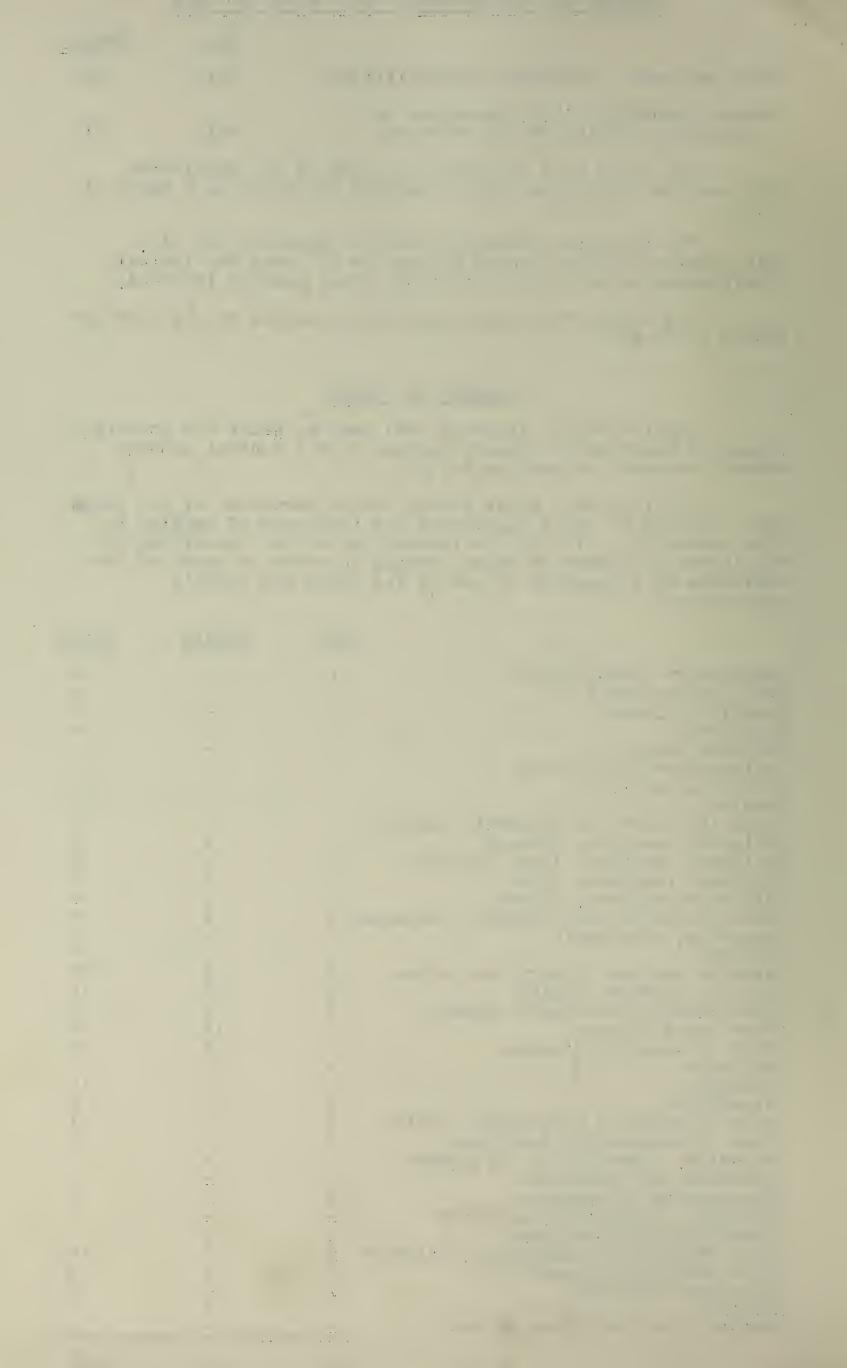
The figure for England and Wales reached an all time low record at 21.40.

CAUSES OF DEATH

Cardiovascular diseases (44) were as usual the principle causes of death with vascular lesions of the central nervous system (strokes) accounting for 27.

The fact that eight deaths due to carcinoma of the lungs were confined to males emphasises the influence of smoking in this connection. It will be interesting to see the effect of the increased number of women smoking in years to come and the influence of propaganda to see if the sexes are equally represented.

	Male	Female	Total
Respiratory Tuberculosis Other Tuberculosis Syphilitic Disease Diphtheria Whooping Cough Meningococcal Infections Acute Poliomyelitis Measles Other infective and parasitic desease Malignant neoplasm, stomach Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus Malignant neoplasm, breast Malignant neoplasm, uterus Other malignant and lymphatic neoplass Leukaemia, aleukaemia Diabetes Vascular lesions of nerv ous system Coronary disease, angina Hyper-tension with heart disease Other heart disease Other heart disease Other circulatory disease Influenza Pneumonia Bronchitis Other diseases of respiratory system Ulcer of stomach and duodenum Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea Nephritis and nephrosis Hyper-plasia of prostate Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion Congenital malformations Other defined and ill-defined disease Motor vehicle accidents All other accidents Suicide	1	Female	Total 1
Homicide and operations of war	64	77	141
TOTAL	04	()	アネア



HEALTH SERVICES IN THE AREA

Home Nursing.

There are two full time district nurse midwives in Sleaford.

Health Visiting.

One full time Health Visitor covers the Urban District of Sleaford.

Home Help Service.

The local headquarters are situated at the Riversdale School Clinic building and are open from 9 a.m. - 5 p.m. on weekdays. The home helps provide invaluable service to the elderly in their own homes maintaining domestic and social standards.

Welfare Foods Service.

This is also situated in the Riversdale School Clinic building and is open from 9a.m. - 5 p.m. on weekdays.

Infant Welfare Clinic.

This is held in the Riversdale School Clinic building on Monday afternoons between 2 and 4 p.m. and a doctor is in attendance.

School Clinic.

This is held on Monday mornings between 9.30 and 12 noon. There is a doctor in attendance and it is quite well patronized.

Regular Ophthalmic and ENT sessions which are attended by specialists are held at the school clinic for the benefit of school children.

Dental and physiotherapy clinics are also held daily at the school clinic.

The school Health service provides a child guidance clinic. This was under the charge of Dr. J. Richardson who resigned in March 1962. The service was revived by the appointment of Dr. Vera Holdway in November 1962.

Weekly speech therapy clinics are held.

Immunization and Vaccination.

Diptheria, whooping cough and poliomyelitis immunization is provided by the general practitioners under the County Council scheme free of charge. Smallpox vaccination is also provided free of charge by the local general practitioners under the County Council scheme.

Mothercraft and Relaxation Classes.

These are held at the Riversdale School Clinic.

Ambulance Service.

The headquarters of the County Council ambulance service is situated in Sleaford. The vehicles are fitted with radio and the transmitter is situated at the ambulance station in Sleaford.

At the state of th

Hospital Services.

These are provided by the Sheffield Regional Hospital Board at Lincoln, Boston and Grantham. The small maternity home in Sleaford serves a useful function and its contemplated closure in the future would be a big loss to the town and the surrounding area.

Venereal Disease.

A clinic is held at Lincoln County hospital twice weekly.

Laboratory Facilities.

Bacteriological investigations are carried out at the Public Health Laboratory at Lincoln under the supervision of Dr. Croll.

PREVALANCE AND CONTROL OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES

As the following table shows the Urban District of Sleaford has remained remarkably free of infectious diseases during the year except for a measles epidemic which is to be expected every second year.

There were no cases of whooping cough notified during 1962.

During the year 220 cases of infectious diseases were notified:-

Measles	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	213
Pneumonia	• •	• •	• •	• •		• •	• •	• •	1
Scarlet Fever	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	2
Tuberculosis	• •	• •	• •		• •	• •			4

Food Poisoning.

No cases of food poisoning were notified in 1962 but there were seven suspected cases which were not confirmed after investigation.

Tuberculosis.

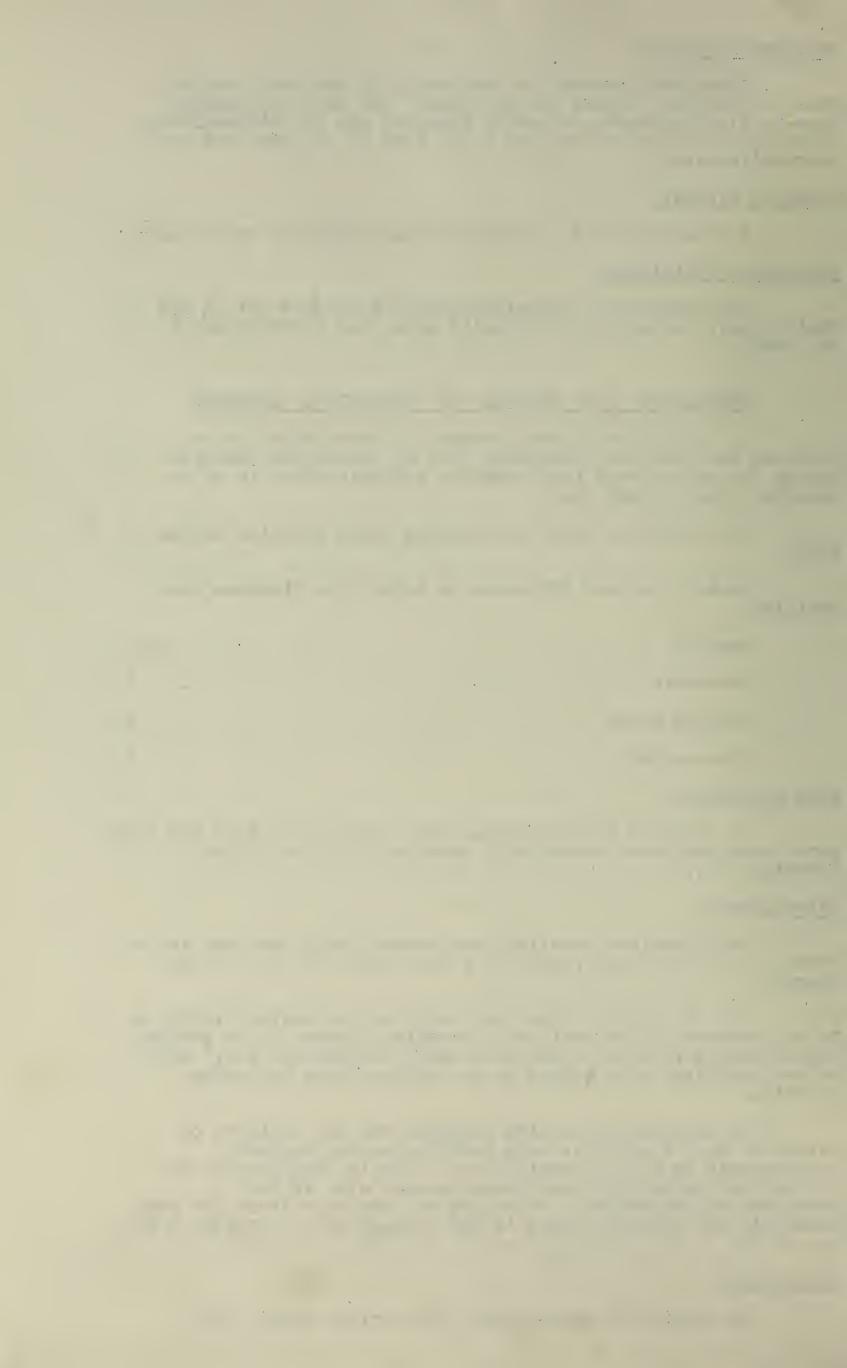
Notifications totalled four cases during the year and of these cases three were pulmonary tuberculosis and one of the uterus.

One of the most important tasks of the health visitor is to persuade all contacts of tuberculosis cases to be x-rayed and to make sure that no contacts "slip through the net," and to have children skin tested to see whether they have been infected.

It is possible to give children who are contacts of cases and have a negative skin test protection against tuberculosis by B.C.G. vaccination. This is available to all 13 year old school children whose parents wish to take advantage of the scheme. Teenagers are now considered the most vulnerable age group and that is why protection is offered at the age of 13.

Section 47.

No action was taken under this section during 1962.



HEALTH EDUCATION

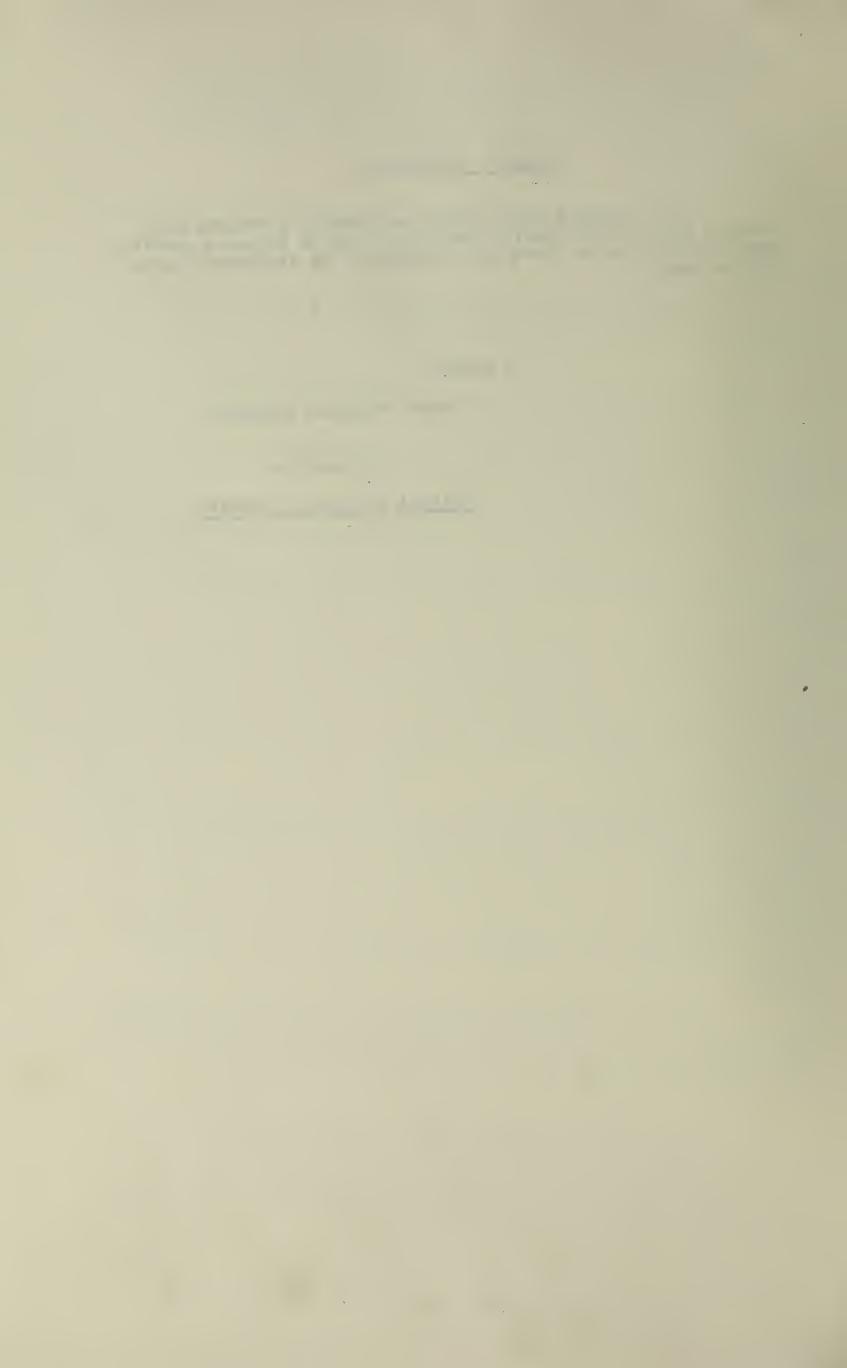
The Sleaford Urban District Council supports the Central Council for Health Education and in return receives their posters which have been displayed in different parts of the town.

I remain

Yours obedient servant

M. Loraine.

Medical Officer of Health



REPORT OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR 1 9 6 2

Mr. Chairman, Lady and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in presenting my fifteenth Annual Report on the Environmental Health Services of the Urban District for the year ending 31st December, 1962.

Good progress has been made with slum clearance during the year. A number of Orders were confirmed and the provision of new housing to re-house displaced families was awaited.

The future of the public slaughterhouse has now been solved by the formation of a private company which will control the premises.

It is particularly regrettable that very little rehousing was achieved during the year. This was undoubtedly
accounted for by the general lack of building both

Council and private in the district. The provision of new
houses inevitably brings about movement of families. My
experience is that provision of comparatively small numbers
of houses does enable the needs of many more families to be
satisfied.

I have commented in previous years on the lack of private development but 1962 has however shown a welcome change since proposals were put in hand for the erection of some hundred houses and bungalows on two private estates.

I would like to thank the Council for their continued support and my fellow Officers in particular those of my own department for their assistance and co-operation during the year.

Public Health Inspector

Housing Officer.

HOUSING

COUNCIL HOUSING

No new Council houses were completed during the year. The contract for roads and sewers for the Boston Road extension and for the first fifty houses and flats was placed and work on the roads and sewers had been commenced towards the end of the year. Some preliminary work on site clearance for the houses had also been carried out.

During the year three families were rehoused from unfit houses and ten families only from the general list. Lack of new houses available for letting and a continued lack of movement in the town accounted for the small number of rehousing which it was possible to effect.

A further fifteen houses on the Newfield Road Estate were improved making a total of forty completed so far.

There were no changes during the year in the direct labour force which continued to be hardpressed on the plumbing and joinery sides. Nevertheless the standard on essential maintenance remains high although there are a number of jobs which due to pressure of more urgent work have of necessity been left over.

One of the main difficulties in increasing efficiency in maintenance was the fact that the men and stores were scattered in various buildings throughout the town. This gave rise to some inefficiency in that the best use was not always made of the mens' time due to this lack of centralisation. Moreover the premises in which the maintenance staff and stores were housed were far from satisfactory. I therefore put to the Council a scheme for the provision of a central stores together with workshops to be situated at the Jermyn Street Yard, the cost of which was to be around £4,000. This scheme was approved by the end of the year and steps were taken to erect the new building.

PRIVATE HOUSING

For the first time for a number of years I am able to report on some activity in the provision of private housing.

Early in the year proposals were submitted for the development of two sites at Drove Lane and Lincoln Road for private speculative building. The two estates when completed will provide for something like one hundred houses and bungalows. By the end of the year considerable progress had been made particularly at the Drove Lane site.

UNFIT HOUSING

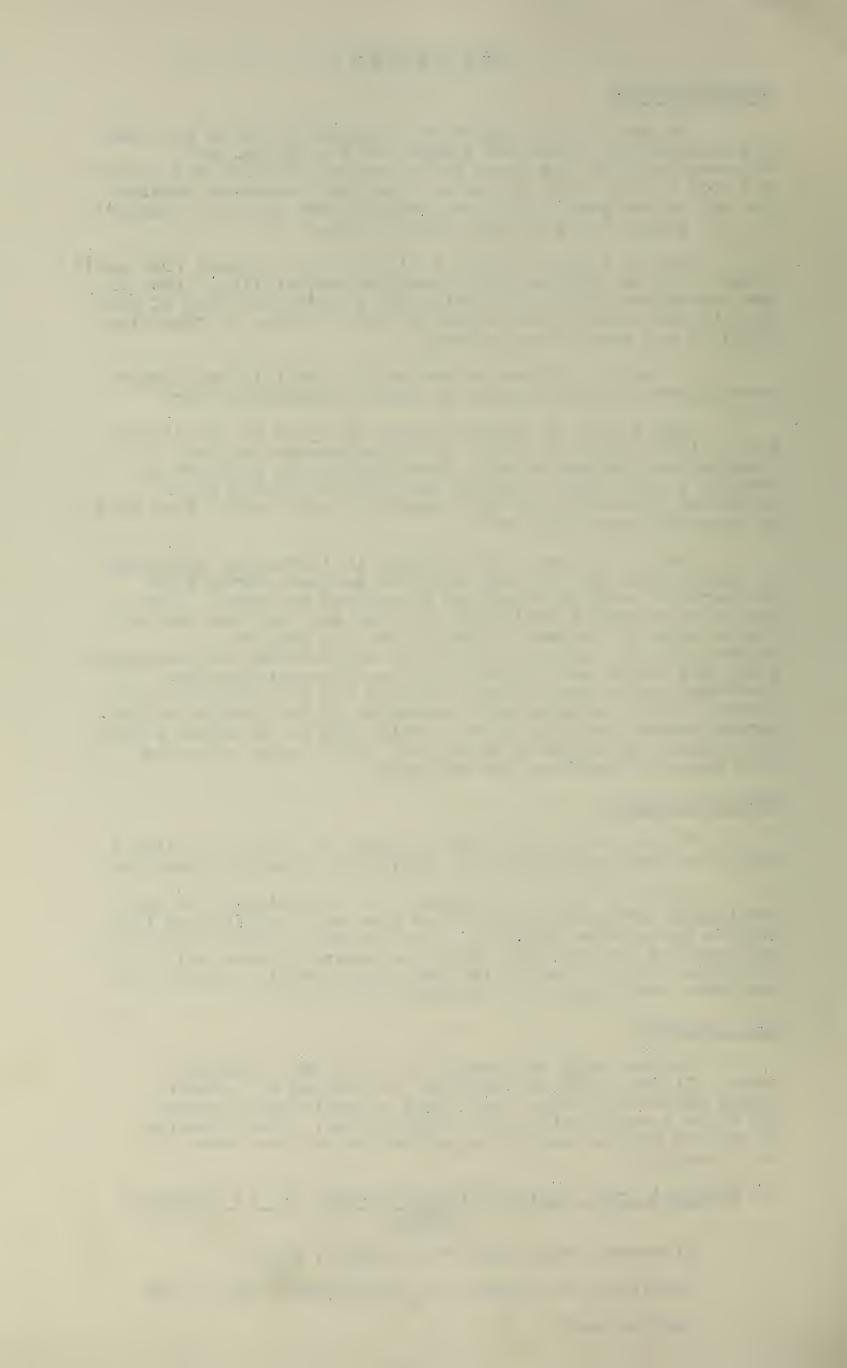
Further work was completed on several clearance areas. It was hoped to complete the making of several orders which would come into force as replacement houses and flats became available at Boston Road. The situation at the end of the year in regard to the various areas was as following:-

(a) Sleaford Urban District (Jermyn Street No. 1) Clearance Order.

Clearance Order made 10th January, 1962.

Confirmed by Ministry of Housing 16th August, 1962.

Four houses.



(b) Sleaford Urban District (Jermyn Street No. 2) Compulsory Purchase Order, 1962.

Compulsory Purchase Order made 10th January, 1962.

Confirmed by Ministry of Housing 18th October, 1962.

Fourteen houses and one other building.

(c) Sleaford Urban District (Carre Street No. 2) Compulsory Purchase Order, 1962.

Compulsory Purchase Order made 10th January, 1962.

Confirmed by Ministry of Housing 19th September, 1962.

Eight houses.

(d) Sleaford Urban District (Steven's Lane) Clearance Order, 1962.

Clearance Order made 10th January, 1962.

Confirmed by Ministry of Housing 2nd August, 1962.

Eight houses.

(e) Sleaford Urban District (West Banks No. 2) Compulsory Purchase Order, 1962.

A Compulsory Purchase Order was made on the 14th March, 1962. Mr. P. Trollope the owner/occupier of number 22, West Banks objected to the inclusion of his house on the grounds that it was not unfit. A Ministry Inquiry was subsequently held on the 31st July, 1962, the Order subsequently being confirmed by the Minister subject to the exclusion of number 22, Vest Banks.

Confirmed for demolition two houses and two other premises.

Eastgate Clearance Area 1, 2 and 3.

The Council considered my report on these areas and other houses adjoining. Arguments for including the three areas together with other houses adjoining were put to the Council. It was however decided to hold over any action in regard to this area until such time as the County Planning Committee had determined proposals in relation to the revised Town Development Plan.

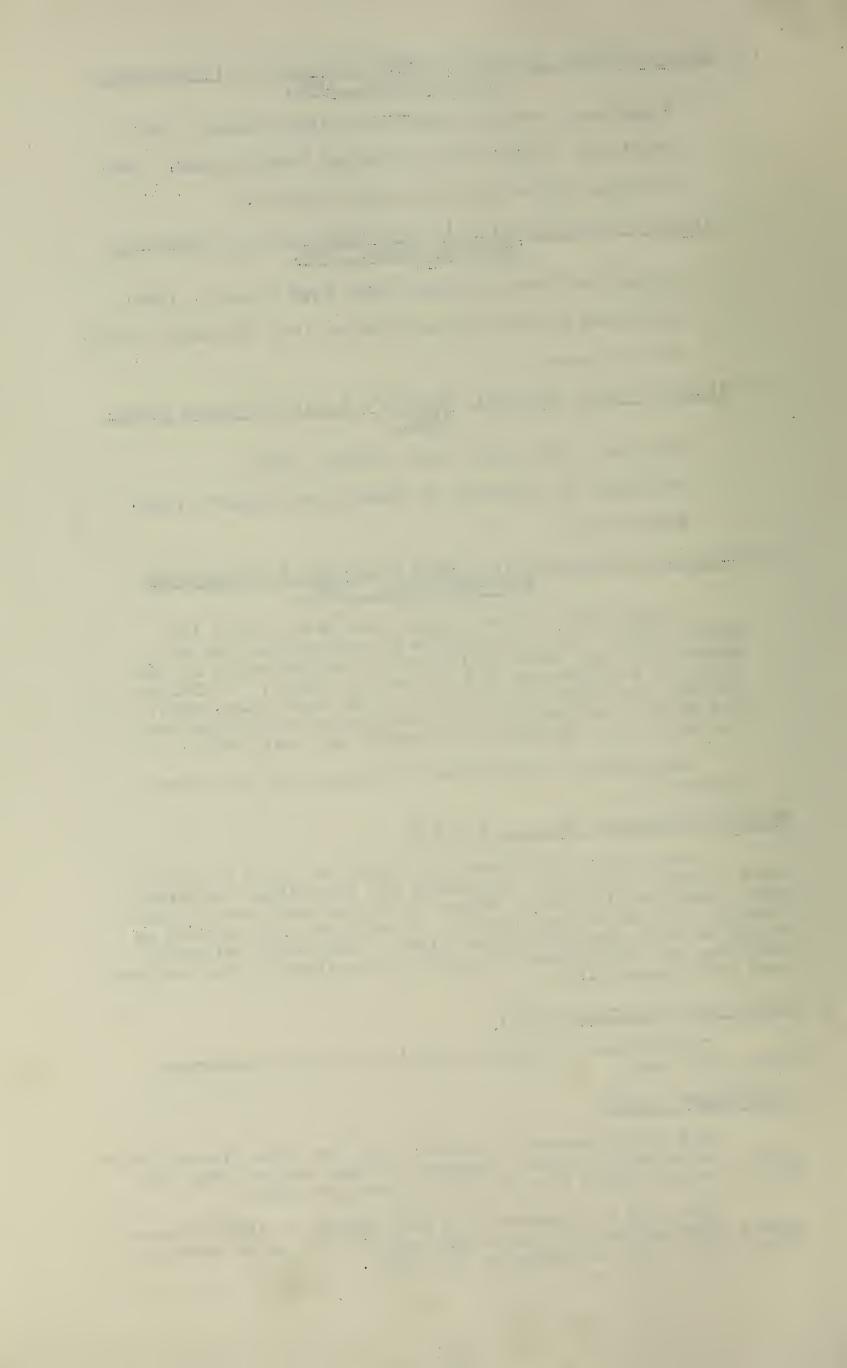
London Road Clearance Area.

Inspections of houses in this area were commenced during the year.

IMPROVEMENT GRANTS

The total number of applications for both discretionary grants and standard grants approved during the year was ten only, a considerable drop on the figures for 1961.

The work in connection with a number of discretionary grants approved in 1961 was completed in 1962 and a total of £3,629. 15s. 2d. was actually paid out.



From the table below it will be seen that the number of discretionary grants decreased to a very small proportion, whilst there was some increase in standard grants. This arises from the fact that few major improvements have been the subject of applications during the year, the majority being in respect of the simple provision of a bathroom and hot water supply:-

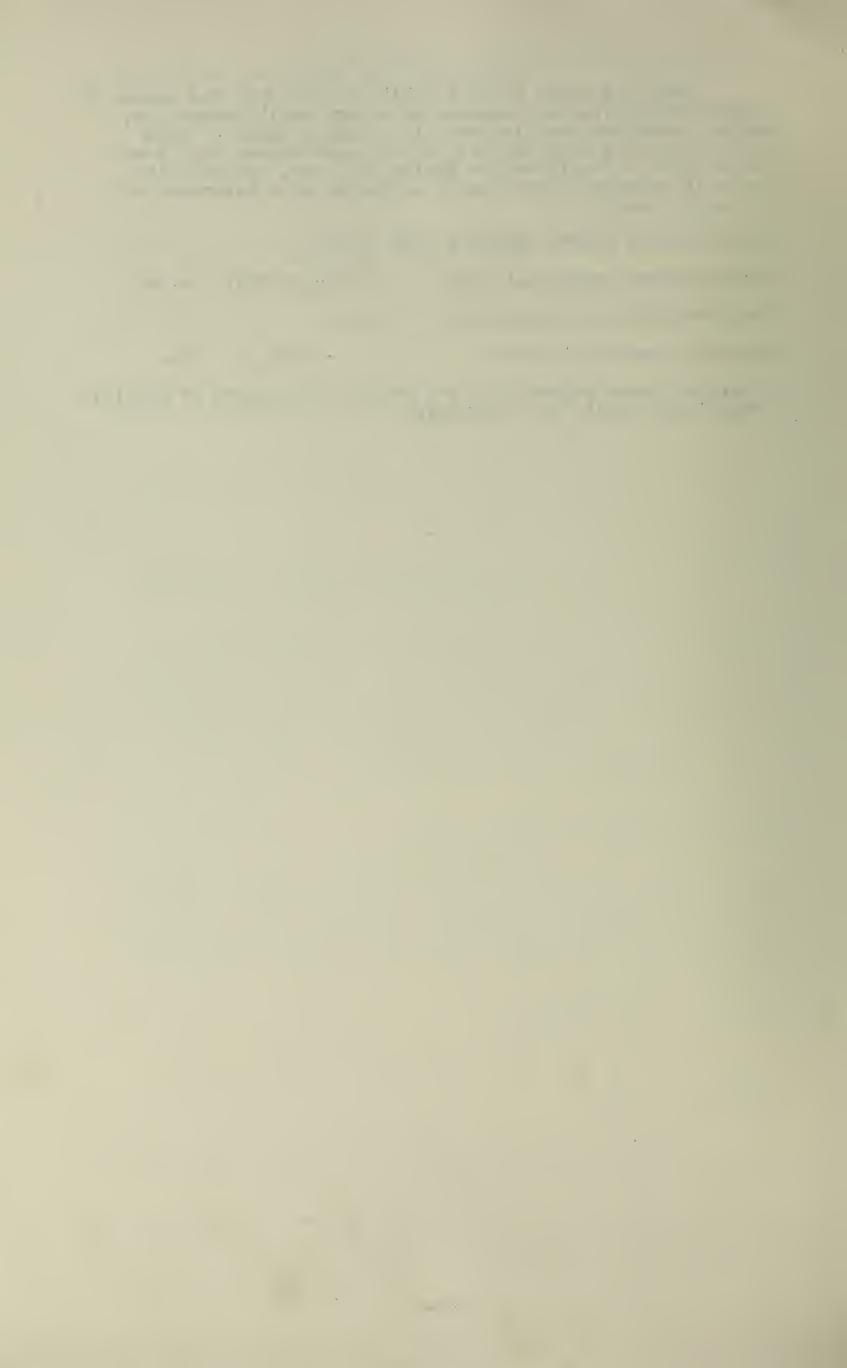
Discretionary grants approved 1962 - 2 -

Discretionary grants paid 1962 - 14 - £2,709. 13s. 4d.

Standard Grants approved 1962 - 7 -

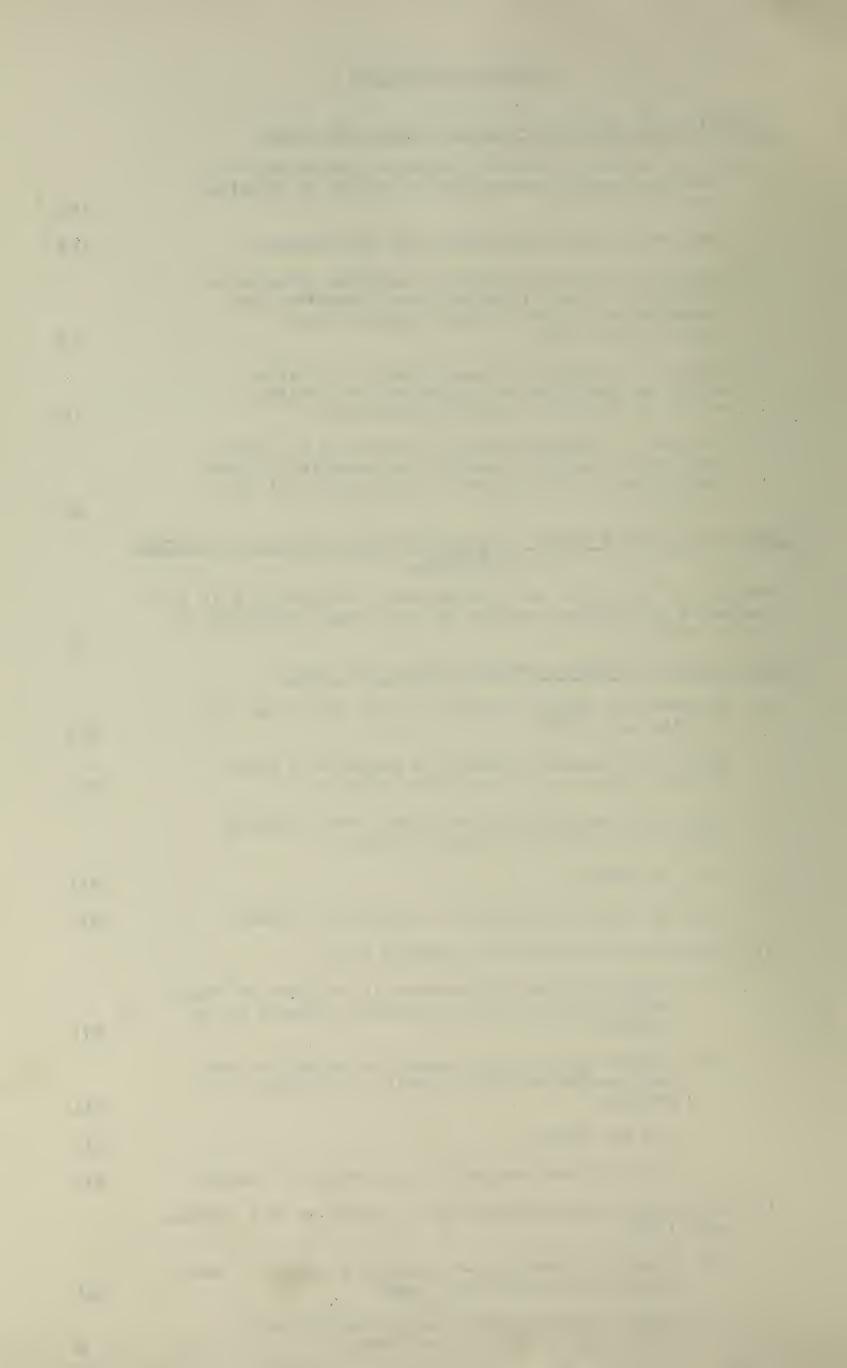
Standard grants paid 1962 - 8 - £920. ls. 10d.

(Standard grant payments to the Council in respect of Newfield Road improvements not included.)



HOUSING STATISTICS

Insped	ctions of dwelling-houses during the year.	
(a)	Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects under Public Health or Housing Acts	101
	Number of inspections made for the purpose	124
(b)	Number of dwelling-houses (included under sub- heading (a) above), which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925	19
(c)	Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	19
(d)	Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under preceding sub-headings) found not to be in all respects, reasonably fit for habitation	17
Remedy	of defects during the year without service of Formal	
	Notice.	
sequ	per of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in con- nence of informal action by the local authority or ir officers	26
Action	under Statutory Powers during the year.	
(a)	Proceedings under sections 9, 10, and 12 of the Housing Act, 1957	Nil
	Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs	Nil
	Number of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after service of Formal Notices	
	(i) By owners	Nil
	(ii) By local authority in default of owners	Nil
(b)	Proceedings under Public Health Acts	
	(i) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	Nil
	(ii) Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of Formal Notices	Nil
	(a) By owners	Nil
	(b) By local authority in default of owners	Nil
(c)	Proceedings under Sections 17 and 25 of the Housing Act, 1957	
	(i) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	Nil
	(ii) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders	2



- (d) Proceedings under Section 18 of the Housing Act, 1957
 - (i) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made

Nil

(ii) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenements or rooms having been rendered fit

Nil

- (e) Proceedings under Sections 42 and 43 of the Housing Act, 1957
 - (i) Number of Clearance Orders made

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- (ii) Number of Compulsory Purchase Orders made
- 3
- (iii) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance thereof

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MEAT AND OTHER FOODS

Slaughterhouses

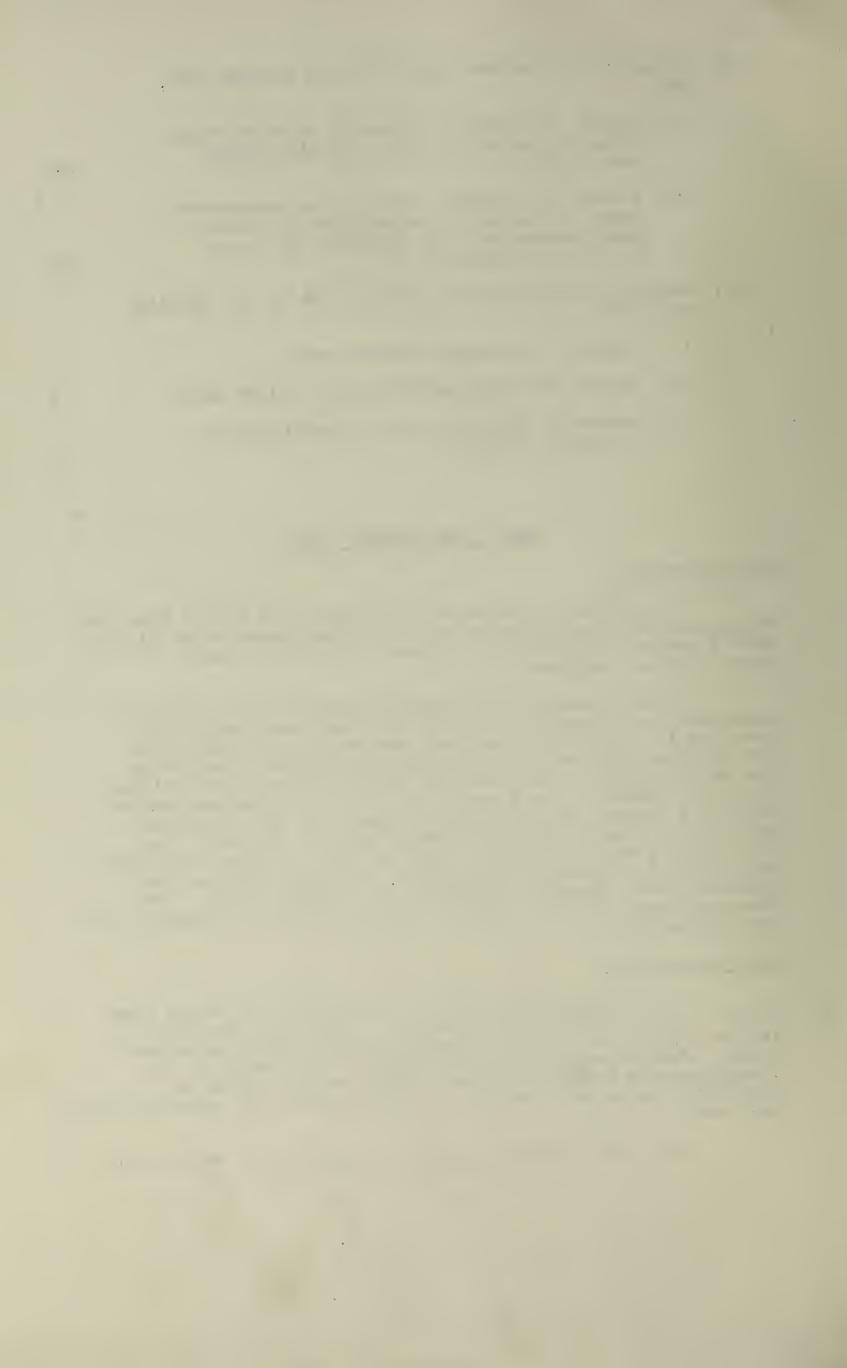
The Council continued to maintain the Church Lane and Northgate slaughterhouses as public slaughterhouses until the 25th December, 1962 when the lease of the Church Lane slaughterhouse expired.

The future of the slaughterhouse was the subject of considerable discussion with the user butchers during the year and in the face of no great assurance of support from the butchers the Council resolved that adequate facilities for the slaughter of animals was provided for by authorities close to Sleaford. As a result of this the butchers decided to form a company to take over the lease of the slaughter-house and to carry out improvements which the Council had originally proposed should be put in hand to bring the Church Lane slaughterhouse up to standard, the appointed day for Sleaford Urban District being the 1st January, 1964. The butchers were left with twelve months in which to complete the work necessary.

Meat Inspection.

One hundred per cent meat inspection has again been carried out at both slaughterhouses. There has been again a slight falling off in the throughput particularly sheep and lambs. The general quality of animals slaughtered at the slaughterhouse remains extremely high and the number of casualties which go through the slaughterhouse is proportionately very small.

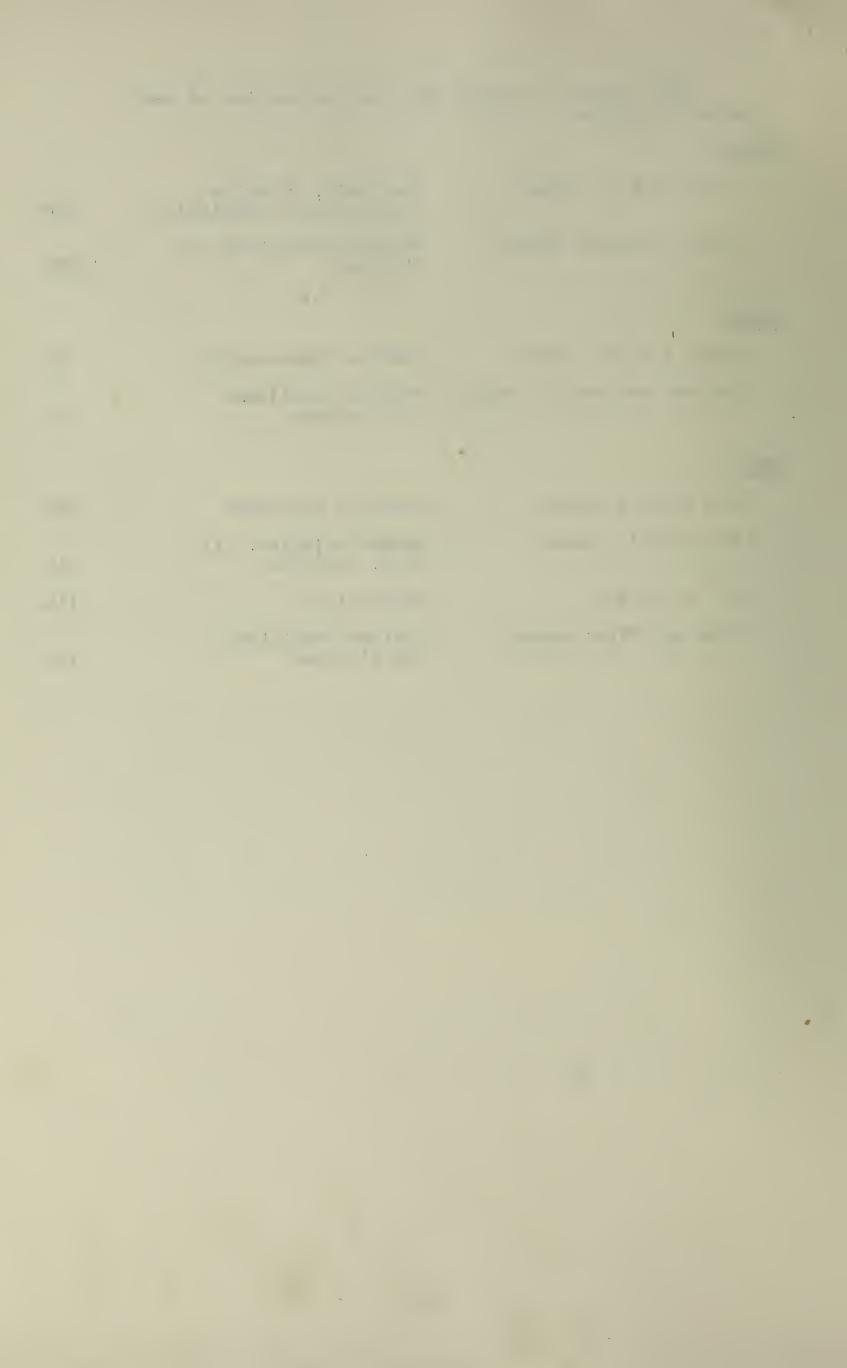
The total weight of meat condemned was 1 ton 13 cwt.



The principle reasons for the condemnation of meat referred to follow:-

BEASTS

I Beast and all organs	Preumonia, Pleurisy Pericarditis, Emaciation	560
Beef and Beast organs	Various conditions and diseases	1,528
SHEEP		
1 Sheep and all organs	Caseous Lymphadenitis	81
Mutton and Sheeps' organs	Various conditions and diseases	12
PIGS		
1 Sow and all organs	Multiple Abscesses	400
l Pig and all organs	Severe injuries, ill bled, moribund	116
Part of one Pig	Broken legs	114
Pork and Pigs' organs	Various conditions and diseases	708



1962	Cattle	Calves	Sheep & Lambs	Pigs
Number killed and inspected	631	_	2,030	1,503
All diseases except Tuberculosis Whole carcases condemned	1	-	1	2
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	127	~	3	91
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than T.B.	20.28	_	0.19	6.18
Tuberculosis only Whole carcases condemned	-	-	-	_
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	-	-	-	24
Percentage of the number inspected affected with Tuberculosis	-	_	-	1.59
Cysticercosis Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	5	_	-	-
Corceses submitted to treat- ment by refrigeration	-	-	-	
Generalised and totally condemned	-	_	1	_
Percentage of beasts inspected affected with Cysticercosis	0.79	_	-	

OTHER FOODS

The following premises are registered in accordance with Section 16 of the Food and Drugs Act, 1955:-

The manufacture of The manufacture, s Storage and sale o	ale a	nd st	orage	of i	ce-c	• •	2
Food premises are	class	ified	as u	nder:	-		
Grocers Public Houses Butchers Bakers and Confect School Canteens Slaughterhouses General Stores Fish and Chip Shop Fishmongers Catering Premises Hotels Confectioners Green Crocers Egg Packers	ioner						19 15 12 7 5 2 4 5 2 7 4 4 8 1
						_	95

MILK SUPPLY

10 distributors of milk are registered in the district.

Samples of cream taken have in all cases proved satisfactory.

ICE CREAM

There remained two manufacturers of ice cream, one hot mix and the other cold mix. Both were inspected during the year and found to be satisfactory. Their production is seasonal.

There are 25 premises registered for the storage and sale of ice cream only. No premises were registered during the year.

OTHER FOODS CONDEMNED

The undermentioned foods, other than fresh meat have been examined and found to be unfit for food:-

• •	• •	• •	Unsound, decomposition, unmarketable, blown.
	• •	• •	Contaminated.
			Damaged, leaking.
• •	• •	• •	Blown
	••		

Frozen Foods

73 packets meat products) 138 packets fish products)	Unfit for sale through
14 packets cakes etc.)	failure of refrigerator.
17 nackets descert	



WATER SUPPLY

The water undertaking of the Sleaford Urban District was taken over by the newly formed Kesteven Water Board with effect from the 1st April, 1962.

The water which is obtained from the Lincoln lime stone continues to be of good quality and is bacteriological satisfactory. It is chlorinated at the source.

SEVERAGE

Further progress had been made during 1962 in connection with the provision of a satisfactory sewerage system for the village of Quarrington.

Provision for flood relief in the centre of the town and at Woodside and for the extension of the sewage disposal was put in hand. The necessary schemes to cover this work were being completed by the Council's consultants.

The condition of the old river Slea at the rear of the new Boston Road extension pinpoints the great need for a scheme which will remove from this area the most unsatisfactory sewage disposal which arises from the storm overflow.

REFUSE DISPOSAL

Refuse collection and disposal continues to be controlled by the Council's Surveyor. A weekly collection has been maintained throughout the year from the majority of premises within the area. Disposal is by controlled tipping.

MOVEABLE DVELLINGS

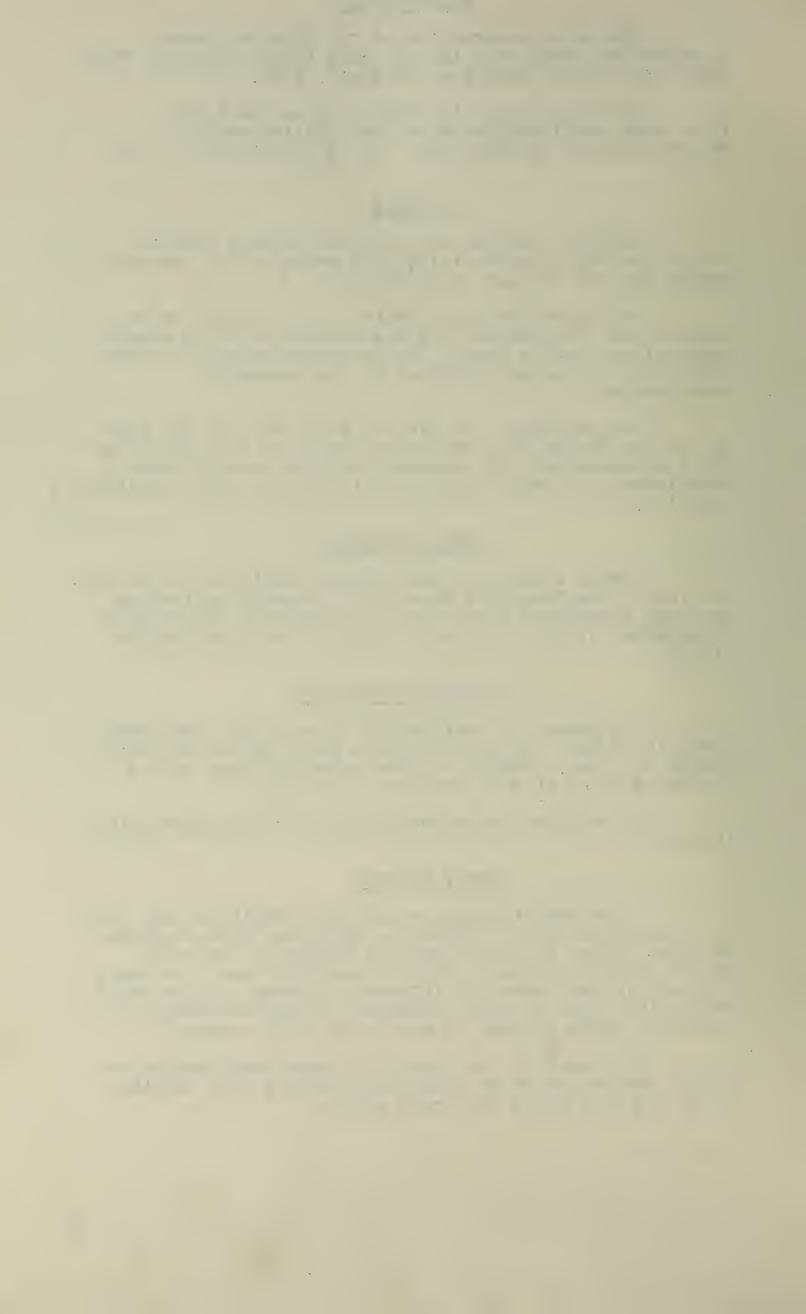
The number of residential sites within the Urban District is two. No great trouble arose on the two sites during the year although a close watch at times on the Claremont Place site is sometimes necessary.

No problems arose from the use of unlicensed sites in 1962.

RODENT CONTROL

The Rodent Operator has been available full time as in previous years. Whilst he continues to be employed on other duties his first call is always to deal with rodent control matters. Whilst there has been a national increase in the number of infested premises and the rat population seems to have increased, as far as Sleaford is concerned there appears to have been little change.

Treatment of the Council's sewers was carried out during the year with as usual the Westgate area showing up as the area where most rats exist.



Details of the work carried out by the Rodent Operator for the twelve months ending 31st March, 1962 are as follows:-

						1962/63
Total number	of inspect	ions		• • • •		. 1,462
Infestations	found - Ra	ts -	Major	infestatio	ons .	. 1
		, -	Minor	infestation	ons .	. 139
	Mi	.ce -	Major	infestatio	ons .	. 0
			Minor	infestatio	ons .	. 11
						1,613



FACTORIES ACTS, 1937 AND 1949

1. INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by the Public Health Inspector).

	Number on Register Ins	Number		
Premises		Inspections	Written Notices	Occupiers Prosecuted
(i) Factories in which Sections 1,2,3,4 and 6 are to be en- forced by Local Authority	13	3	-	-
(ii) Factories not in- cluded in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	83	21	-	
(iii) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-worker's premises)	-			
TOTAL	9 6	24	_	_

2. CASES IN THICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND

(
	Number of cases where defects were found					
Particulars	Found	Remedied	Referred		Number of cases in which prosecutions	
			To H.M. Insp.	To H.M. Insp.	were instituted	
Want of Cleanliness	_	_		_	_	
Overcrowding Unreasonable	-	-	-	-	-	
temperature	-	-	-	-	-	
Iradequate	_	-	_	_	-	
Ineffective drain- age of floors Sanitary	-	-	-	_	-	
Conveniences (a) Insufficient	_	-	_	_	_	
(b) Unsuitable or defective (c) Not separate	1	1		1	-	
for sexes Other offences	1	1	-	ı		
against the Act (not including offences relating to outwork	-	_				
Total	2	2		2	any tanàna mandritry ny taona ma	

